Pupil premium strategy statement – John Spendluffe Technology College

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022 to 2023 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
Number of pupils in school	628
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	49.84%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium	2021/2022
strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	to 2024/2025
Date this statement was published	December 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	June 2024
Statement authorised by	Mr S Curtis
Pupil premium lead	Mrs A Appleyard
Governor / Trustee lead	Ms L Hill

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£283,073
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£79,350
Pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding carried forward from previous years	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£362,423

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

At JSTC, our intention is that all pupils, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face, make good progress and achieve high attainment across our broad and balanced curriculum. In addition, the pandemic has presented additional challenges to our children, especially those that are disadvantaged. Trust schools can draw upon the additional resources associated with the Recovery Premium, to sustain and broaden the core work that is already underway building confidence, self-esteem and resilience, promoting positive mental and emotional well-being, and ensuring that all children feel safe and happy.

The focus of our pupil premium strategy is to support disadvantaged pupils to achieve that goal, including progress for those who are already high attainers. We will consider the challenges faced by vulnerable pupils, such as those who have a social worker and young carers. The activity we have outlined in this statement is also intended to support their needs, regardless of whether they are disadvantaged or not.

High-quality teaching is at the heart of our approach, with a focus on areas in which disadvantaged pupils require the most support. This is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit the non-disadvantaged pupils in our school. Implicit in the intended outcomes detailed below, is the intention that non-disadvantaged pupils' attainment will be sustained and improved alongside progress for their disadvantaged peers.

Our strategy is also integral to wider school plans for education recovery, notably in its targeted support through the National Tutoring Programme for pupils whose education has been worst affected, including non-disadvantaged pupils.

We pride ourselves on knowing our students as individuals. We have a clear and detailed understanding of their starting points in life and the jour- ney they are on. Our approach will be responsive to not only the common challenges, but the individual needs of each student through robust assessment and observation, not assumptions.

We gather evidence from assessment data and student and staff voice to identify the bespoke needs of every child not just the disadvantaged. This information enable's us to devise individual interventions, early in their JSTC career to bridge the most vital gaps and needs –from specific academic interventions to structural support in the home. Reading and Careers are prominent and a strength of JSTC.

The approaches we have will complement each other to ensure all students reach their full potential, leave JSTC with improved life chances, and function as an effective citizen of the world.

Challenges

This section details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Attendance of PP students is lower than that of their peers.
2	PP students' academic performance is lower than that of their peers. The gap did narrow but has widened again in the Core subjects of maths and English as a result of school closures.
3	Assessments, data and observations inform us that reading ages of PP students are lower than their expected age ability. This impacts upon their access to and therefore progress across the curriculum.
4	Understanding the connections between subjects within subjects, creating golden threads between subjects and topics.
5	Our data suggests that PP students are experiencing more significant social and emotional issues which impacts on their ability to manage their behaviour. Recent reward statistics indicate fewer reward points are currently is sued to disadvantaged students (especially the older years) than their non-disadvantaged peers.
6	Data, observations and discussions with staff and students indicate that that PP students engage less in extra-curricular activities which serve to broaden cultural capital.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Improved attainment among disadvantaged pupils across the curriculum at the end of KS4.	P8 scores of PP are improved and are more in line with non- disadvantaged students. Internal assessment in maths and English shows that PP students are making progress against their age-related expectations. Use of RAP testing within subject areas and data drop analysis at a HOD level to support progress overall. Revision book financial provision to support disadvantaged pupils with the purchase of revision books and materials. A school contribution is made towards the overall costs to make them affordable.
Improved reading comprehension among	Reading ages improve for PP students and the gaps close over time.

disadvantaged pupils across KS3.	Literacy leader to lead on whole school initiatives register reading
	Use of data to identify reluctant readers.
	Observations will indicate register reading
	Twice yearly RA testing.
	Delivery around selecting appropriate books
	Reading Intervention in Key skills from 7 – 11
	School focus on reading for enjoyment with the aid of the School Library
Improved behaviour for learning and attendance of all students, including those who are disadvantaged.	Teacher reports and class observations suggest disadvantaged pupils are more able to monitor and regulate their own learning.
	There are a reduced number of negative outcomes associated with behaviour recorded on our MIS system. This finding is supported by increased homework completion rates across all classes and subjects.
To achieve and sustain improved	Attendance records demonstrate 3 to 5 percentage improvements in attendance.
attendance for all pupils, particularly our disadvantaged pupils.	Where attendance is an issue, support models are in place for reintegration and curriculum support at home.
alouvantagou papilo.	Issues with attendance or behaviour are quickly acted upon and reduced/resolved using the school's restorative approach where appropriate.
	Behaviour and reward statistics show improved attitude and engagement for all students but particularly those identified as disadvantaged.
Increased engagement of students in the wider cultural offer.	Increased uptake in attendance on trips and other cultural events.

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £107,730

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Purchase of SSAT EFA training programme.	Workshops for teaching staff to trial different ways to effective use formative assessment within their lessons.	3
Purchase of standardised diagnostic assessments. Training will be provided for staff to ensure assessments are interpreted correctly.	Standardised tests can provide reliable insights into the specific strengths and weaknesses of each pupil to help ensure they receive the correct additional support through interventions or teacher instruction: <u>Standardised tests Assessing and Monitoring Pupil Progress Education Endowment Foundation EEF</u> Introduction of a new literacy assessment programme which replaces a previous GL Assessment package, to support years 7-10 with Literacy.	1, 2, 3
Developing metacognitive and self-regulation skills in all pupils. This will involve ongoing teacher training and support and release time. It will first be rolled out in maths and science followed by other subjects.	Teaching metacognitive strategies to pupils can be an inexpensive method to help pupils become more independent learners. There is particularly strong evidence that it can have a positive impact on maths attainment: <u>Metacognition and self-regulation </u> <u>Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF</u>	1, 4
Enhancement of our maths teaching and curriculum planning in line with DfE KS3 and EEF guidance. We will fund teacher release time to embed key elements	The DfE non-statutory KS3 guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, drawing on evidence-based approaches:	1, 3, 4

of the guidance in school, and to access Maths Hub resources and CPD offers (including Teaching for Mastery training).	 <u>Teaching mathematics at key stage 3</u> <u>GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u> To teach maths well, teachers need to assess pupils' prior knowledge and understanding effectively, employ manipulatives and representations, teach problem solving strategies, and help pupils to develop more complex mental models: <u>KS2 KS3 Maths Guidance 2017.pdf</u> (educationendowmentfoundation.org. uk) Use of Numeracy Ninjas within lower school to support the whole school numeracy focus within tutor time and lesson time. The school has purchased Sparx, replacing Hegarty Maths as a previous learning platform. Maths Parental workshops being introduced to support families with their own math skills which in turn will then support their children. 	
Improving literacy in all subject areas in line with recommendations in the EEF Improving Literacy in Secondary Schools guidance. We will fund professional development and instructional coaching focussed on each teacher's subject area. It will be rolled out first in maths to help raise maths attainment for disadvantaged pupils, followed by subjects identified as priorities.	Acquiring disciplinary literacy is key for students as they learn new, more complex concepts in each subject: Improving Literacy in Secondary Schools Reading comprehension, vocabulary and other literacy skills are heavily linked with attainment in maths and English: word-gap.pdf (oup.com.cn) Online learning platforms have been embedded within the curriculum to support with literacy and e-learning. BedRock is used within Key Stage 3. Literacy Representatives in each department area, who collaborate on a whole school level to support literacy and tier 2 vocabulary. Subscription to BookTrust, to encourage reading for fun. Continue to run the annual Scholastic Book Fair.	1, 2

Pastoral Leads in every year group to support the wellbeing of PP children.	Social and emotional skills support effective learning and are linked to positive outcomes in later life of students. <u>EEF Pupil Premium Evidence Brief</u>	5
Subscriptions continued to platforms such as 'The Key', 'SEND Classroom Provision Mapping' and 'The National College' to support with the diagnostic strategies of PP children needs.	<u>'Using Digital Technology to improve</u> <u>learning: EEF Pupil Premium</u> <u>Evidence brief</u>	1-5

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £163,763

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Adopting a targeted reciprocal teaching programme as a reading intervention for disadvantaged pupils who need additional help to comprehend texts and address vocabulary gaps.	Reading comprehension strategies can have a positive impact on pupils' ability to understand a text, and this is particularly the case when interventions are delivered over a shorter timespan: <u>Reading comprehension strategies</u> <u>Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF</u> Reading Buddies internal reading intervention with the aid of student leaders to support lower school reading and literacy.	2
Engaging with the National Tutoring Programme to provide a blend of tuition, mentoring and school-led tutoring for pupils whose education has been most impacted by the pandemic. A significant proportion of the pupils who receive tutoring will be	Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind, both one-to-one: <u>One to one tuition EEF</u> (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) And in small groups:	1, 2, 3

disadvantaged, including those who are high attainers.	Small group tuition Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF First Story – external provider of a 'young writers' program who are working with mixed student groups to help close the gender gap in progress. English mentoring / tutoring with small groups to support gaps in literacy and	
Revision guides, online platforms and academic resources supplied across subject areas.	reading. JSTC intends to use Revision Guides, online platforms (such as GCSEPod (KS4), Sparx learning (Maths) Bedrock and Educake (English) along with workbooks as a method to combine both these approaches to independent study and e-learning.	2, 3

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £90,930

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Whole staff training on positive de-escalation and restorative practice programme.	Staff training with BOSS and a focus on restorative practice within the behaviour procedures in school. Staff and tutors are monitoring behaviour of students at all levels.	5
With the increased numbers of students requiring additional support for mental health and emotional wellbeing we have used PP and Recovery Premium funding to increase provision from external mentoring and counselling services This includes support from Progress and Pastoral teams	The pastoral team and other staff have worked closely with the local Mental Health Support Team to develop our provision to support young people's mental health. Support by external providers are working with staff to provide support services in school at regular intervals.	5, 6
As part of our Careers development: "JSTC Futures", we have invested in the curriculum time and personnel for careers delivery. All pupil premium pupils will have a careers interview and guidance.	Every young person needs high-quality career guidance to make informed decisions about their future. Good career guidance is a necessity for social mobility: those young people without significant social capital or home support to draw upon have the most to gain from high- quality career guidance. Good Career Guidance Education Gatsby	2, 3
To support careers, we have invested in Unifrog, a careers platform that supports subject areas and careers in school. This platform shows students different careers that they can go into from the subjects they take at school.	All teaching staff and students have their own login for the platform. Students have access to revision materials and careers information to support the 'next steps' for post-16 study.	2, 3

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Work experience opportunities for PP Students	Pupils are limited to a range of work in this area; asking local businesses to support a range of work experience opportunities will raise aspirations.	3
Recovery Funding pot. Bids have been made and accepted that support the wider opportunities and extra-curricular activities in school.	Extracurricular activities are an important part of education in its own right. These approaches may increase engagement in learning.	
Free breakfast, every morning for PP students.	Students have access to a free breakfast every morning; hot drinks, cereals, a variety of breakfast options [toast, pancakes, bagels] so they can start the day off positively.	ALL
	A wider variety of products are available to ensure all needs and dietary requirements are catered for.	
GCSEPod rewards for the top engaging students.	Rewards given for those who engage in GCSEPod revision and resources to support with KS4 progress. Winners will be placed into a prize draw at the end of each term. Used to encourage more students to engage in extended learning at home. This platform is accessible on mobile devices, to ensure no students are left out.	2, 5, 6
Student Coaching, using Solution Focused Coaching model with Year 9 students.	This programme supports the transition into Key stage four with Y9. Accessible for all, to build confidence, resilience and provide support to whose who wish to take part. Data capture suggests that with this intervention, students find their confidence and self-efficacy levels increase which supports outcomes within their subject areas.	2, 3, 5

Total budgeted cost: £362,423

Part B: Review of the previous academic year

Outcomes for disadvantaged pupils

Challenge	Strategies	Impact	Cost	Next Steps
Attendance is lower of PP students compared to non-PP	time. Tutor intervention, with the aid of weekly tutor attendance reports. Letters sent out to students if their attendance drops below 95%. Home visits are carried out for welfare checks and meetings of those who struggle with transport to visit the school site. Attendance team work closely with SEND department, Progress Leaders and Pastoral Leads. We support children where we can with any barriers to school attendance, such as uniform, equipment, transport, and meals. In exceptional circumstances	attendance overall to be in line with the Government expectation. The current Pupil Premium data for this academic year (September 2023 – YTD) shows that students within the PP bracket are at 88.9%.	Attendance team, small rewards for students who improve attendance.	Reward trip places for improved attendance. Attendance reports at tutor level to intervene. Progress Team work to continue and work with key stakeholders to support progress. Continue to support vulnerable students and families. Continue to hold School Attendance Panel meetings to support students in improving attendance Continue to work closely with outside agencies to support referrals.

	Meetings with our repre- sentative, termly.		
Assessments, data and observations inform us that reading ages of PP students are lower than their expected age ability. This impacts upon their access to and therefore progress across the curriculum.	Interventions through SEND are being used to support individuals / small groups. Literacy Word of the Week, continued to be used this year within tutor time. Literacy representatives within each department area to support subject specific literacy and reading. Reading programme with Y7.	spelling scores progress. Reading test data comparison: October 2022 – July 2023 130 pupils in Y7 at time of testing with 63 PP = 48.46%	Intervention continuing to support reading and spelling within lower school. Students encouraged to access the library and borrow books. Academic tutor programme to continue in the new academic year.

				Non		N 1:1	Questing of the
PP students'		All	PP	PP	5 51	Nil	Continue to
performance is	Cohort	110	42	60	still present	CPL	encourage
lower compared	Size Eng-	112	43		however it is		revision materials
to non-PP	lish				narrowing.	HoD/ subject	and extended
students. Gap is	P8BC	-0.58	-0.86	-0.41		leader	learning platforms
narrowing but	Eng- lish					responsibility	such as
still present.	Bucket	8.02	7.42	8.39		responsibility	GCSEPod, Sparx
Previous Y11	Maths				working with data	Costs for	and Unifrog.
cohort GCSE	P8BC	-0.53	-0.61		and CPL to support	platforms	_
data shows this.	Maths ucket	7.13	6.93	7.25	closing the gap with	outlined	School to provide
	EBacc		0.00		disadvantaged.	above in the	financial provision
	P8BC	-0.31	-0.36	-0.28			on the purchase
	EBacc Bucket	11.02	10.93	11.07		budget costs.	of revision books.
	Other	11.02	10.00	11.07			HODS to
	P8BC	-0.41	-0.61	-0.28			encourage
	Other	11.62	10.97	12.09			revision books to
	Bucket Attain-	11.62	10.87	12.09			be used within
	ment 8	37.78	36.15	38.8			
	Pro-						lessons / subject
	gress 8	-0.44	-0.58	-0.35			areas.
	Gaps	-0.77	-0.00	-0.00			
	A8		-2.	.65			
	Gaps P8		-0.	.23			
	HODS o	romnlet					
	analysis	•	•				
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	Science						

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House points and reward statistics are lower within disadvantaged students compared to their peers. This is more so in the older year groups of school [Y10-11]	house points more, especially in upper school. Staff encouraged to award a 'class superstar' for every lesson.	Ŭ	Nil	Continue in the new academic year. House point totals are used to aid pastoral team reward trips and incentives.
the connections between subjects within subjects, creating golden	within subject areas and how topics can be taught consistently to support knowledge recall and metacognition.	will be extremely useful for	Nil – part of CPL allocation / HoD responsibility	Department areas continue to work together to support connections between topic areas. CPL
enriching activities to support learning	across the school. Subject		Nil – part of Progress team role	To continue working with in the new academic year.

	Recovery Pot funds have been used to support the wider opportunities within	opportunities. Pastoral activities have been used as an incentive for attendance and behaviour.		
Extracurricular activities and resources are not as accessible for PP students compared to their peers.	department areas can bid for monies to support learning in and out of school. The recovery pot allows for trip prices to be lowered or for free [trip dependent] so students can attend.	Day with Lincoln University was a success last year. English department	Funding Budget: Total projects £27500	CPL Recovery Funding Pot to continue supporting extra- curricular activities and opportunities within the new academic year.

		leavers prom, so all students could afford the tickets and enjoy the opportunity.		
Summer School has a literacy, reading focus which provides students with a book and activities surrounding love for reading in preparation for the new academic year.	Provided a wide range of activities across a number of subject areas in order to support transition and promote a wider variety of subjects students will take part in within the new academic year.	summer school to support transition and promote literacy amongst	Recovery Pot funding dedicated to support: £7000	

Externally provided programmes

Programme	Provider	
First Story Writing Intervention	First Story	
Counselling	Needbright	
PSCHEE 'Respect Me'	Respect Me	
Barclays 'Life Skills'	Barclays 'Life Skills'	
JSTC Newspaper Day	University of Lincoln	

Further information (optional)

Additional activity

Planning, implementation, and evaluation